Appendix 3

Outbuildings destroyed by fire: 1867 to 1997

Religious affiliation of the school is identified when there are two schools in a single location.

- Mount Elgin, Muncey, Ontario, playhouse (1889)¹
- 2) Battleford, Saskatchewan, carpenter's shop (1894)²
- 3) Elkhorn, Manitoba, girls' dormitory (1895)³
- Old Sun's, T'suu Tina, North-West Territories (now Alberta), stable (1896)⁴
- 5) Mission, British Columbia, laundry building (1896)⁵
- Metlakatla, British Columbia, girls' dormitory, laundry, and the school workshops (1901)⁶
- Mohawk Institute, Brantford, Ontario, barns (1903)⁷
- Mohawk Institute, Brantford, Ontario, temporary boys' dormitory (1903)⁸
- 9) Birtle, Manitoba, stable (1903)9
- Coqualeetza Institute, Chilliwack, British Columbia, several outbuildings (1906)¹⁰
- 11) Hay River, Northwest Territories, henhouse (1907)¹¹
- 12) Mount Elgin, Muncey, Ontario, boys' playhouse (1907)¹²
- 13) Duck Lake, Saskatchewan, pump house (1913)¹³

- 14) Mount Elgin, Muncey, Ontario, barns (1915)¹⁴
- 15) Gleichen, Alberta, laundry building (1921)¹⁵
- Round Lake, Saskatchewan, classrooms (1923)¹⁶
- 17) Anglican school on the Peigan Reserve, Brocket, Alberta, principal's house (1925)¹⁷
- 18) Chapleau, Ontario, former school building (1926)¹⁸
- 19) Duck Lake, Saskatchewan, former school building (1926)¹⁹
- 20) Blue Quills, Alberta, stable (1928)20
- 21) Spanish, Ontario, boys' school, chicken coop (1930)²¹
- 22) Lestock, Saskatchewan, laundry and garage (1931).²² The school engineer was injured in the fire and the government declined to pay his medical bills, saying they were a church responsibility.²³
- 23) Shingle Point, Yukon Territory, principal's residence (1934)²⁴
- 24) Anglican school at Onion Lake, Saskatchewan, principal's residence (1934)²⁵
- 25) Birtle, Manitoba, poultry house (1934)²⁶

- 26) File Hills, Saskatchewan, poultry house (1935)²⁷
- 27) Fraser Lake, British Columbia, piggery (1935)²⁸
- 28) Fort Resolution, Northwest Territories, power plant (1936).²⁹ Although there were no fatalities, two people were badly burned by the fire.³⁰
- 29) Roman Catholic school at Fort George, Québec, laundry (1938)³¹
- 30) Roman Catholic school at Kenora, Ontario, staff residence (1938)³²
- 31) Anglican school at Onion Lake, Saskatchewan, pump house (1939)³³
- 32) Roman Catholic school at Kenora, Ontario, priests' residence (1939)³⁴
- 33) Fraser Lake, British Columbia, poultry house (1940)³⁵
- 34) Fraser Lake, British Columbia, poultry house (second fire in one year) (1940)³⁶
- 35) Cranbrook, British Columbia, several outbuildings (1941)³⁷
- 36) Fraser Lake, British Columbia, poultry house (1942)³⁸
- 37) Alert Bay, British Columbia, pump house (1945)³⁹
- 38) Brocket (St. Cyprian's), Alberta, horse and cattle barn (1946)⁴⁰
- 39) Sandy Bay, Manitoba, garage partially destroyed (1948)⁴¹
- 40) Lestock, Saskatchewan, slaughterhouse (1948)⁴²
- 41) Round Lake, Saskatchewan, barn, the blacksmith shop, and three granaries (1949)⁴³
- 42) Round Lake, Saskatchewan, barn (1950)⁴⁴
- 43) Presbyterian school at Kenora, Ontario, barn (1951)⁴⁵
- 44) Brantford, Ontario, Mohawk Institute, two barns (1955)⁴⁶

- 45) Amos, Québec, cow barn (1956)⁴⁸
- 46) Sioux Lookout, Ontario, school hockey house (1957)⁴⁷
- 47) Fraser Lake, British Columbia, pump house (1959)⁴⁹
- 48) Fort Simpson, Northwest Territories, Roman Catholic Mission, barn (1959)⁵⁰
- 49) Blue Quill's, Alberta, barn (1963)51
- 50) Prince Albert, Saskatchewan, skating rink change shack (1967)⁵²
- 51) Williams Lake, British Columbia, engineer's shack (1967)⁵³